

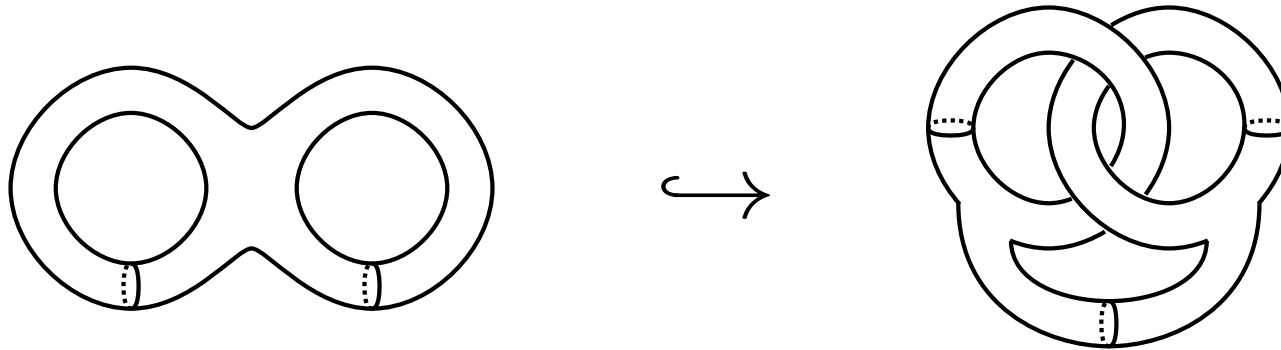
# ハンドル体結び目の(同辺)結び目解消数と Alexanderバイカンドルの $G$ 族彩色

筑波大学数理物質科学研究科 D1

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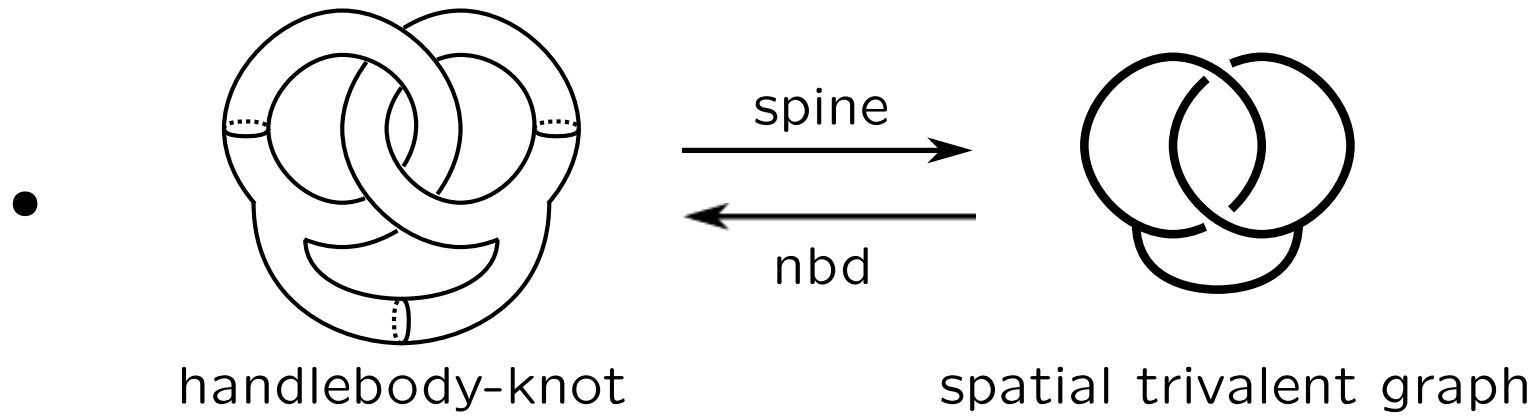
## Def

- **handlebody-knot** : handlebody  $\hookrightarrow S^3$

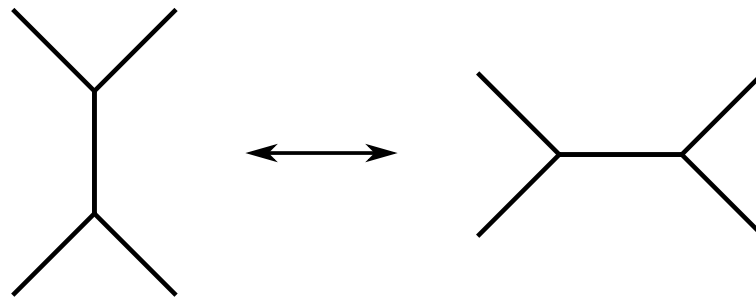


- $H_1, H_2$  : handlebody-knot

$$H_1 \cong H_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} \exists f : S^3 \rightarrow S^3 \text{ orientator preserving homeo.} \\ \text{s.t. } f(H_1) = H_2$$



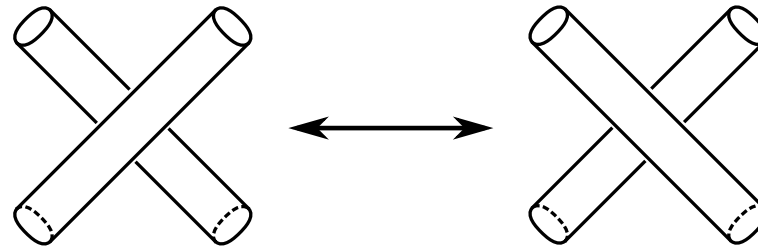
- spatial trivalent graph の **IH-move**



**Rem**

$$\{\text{hdbdy-knot}\} / \cong \xleftrightarrow{1:1} \{\text{sp. tri. graph}\} / \cong, \text{IH-move}$$

- handlebody-knot の **crossing change**



- handlebody-knot の **self-edge crossing change**

$\overset{\text{def}}{\iff}$  hdbdy-knot を表す sp. tri. graph における同じ辺同士での crossing change.

**Lem**

任意の同種数 hdbdy-knot は有限回の (self-edge) crossing change で移り合う.

**Def**

$H_1, H_2$  : 種数  $g$  の handlebody-knot

$O_g$  : 種数  $g$  の trivial handlebody-knot

- $d(H_1, H_2) := \min\{n \mid H_1 \leftrightarrow (n \text{ 回の crossing change}) \leftrightarrow H_2\}$   
 :  $H_1$  と  $H_2$  の **Gordian distance**

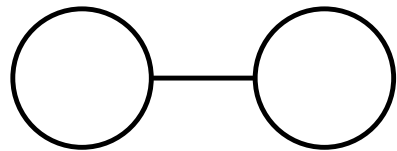
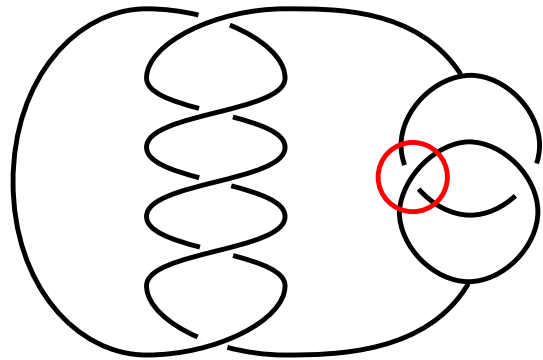
$u(H_1) := d(H_1, O_g)$  :  $H_1$  の **unknotting number**

- $\bar{d}(H_1, H_2) := \min\{n \mid H_1 \leftrightarrow (n \text{ 回の self-edge crossing change}) \leftrightarrow H_2\}$   
 :  $H_1$  と  $H_2$  の **self-edge Gordian distance**

$\bar{u}(H_1) := \bar{d}(H_1, O_g)$  :  $H_1$  の **self-edge unknotting number**

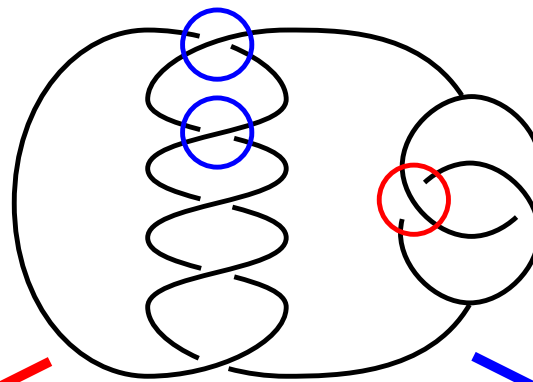
# Motivation

crossing change

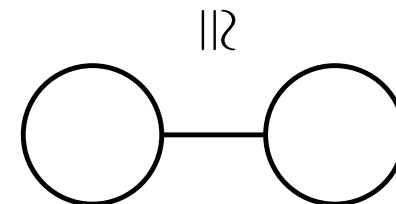
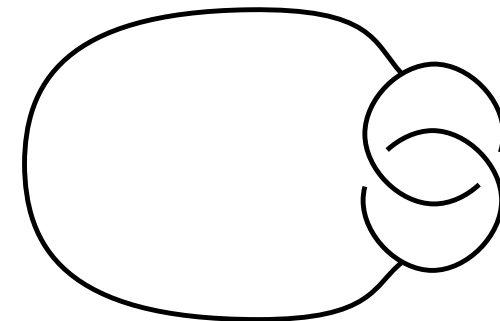
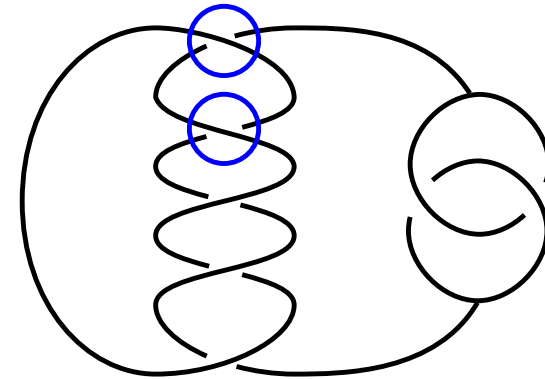


$$\therefore u(H) = 1$$

$$\bar{u}(H) = 2 ?$$



self-edge  
crossing change



## Main result

- (1) handlebody-knot の Gordian distance 及び unknotting number に関する評価式を得た.
- (2) handlebody-knot の self-edge Gordian distance 及び self-edge unknotting number に関して, (1) よりも強い評価式を得た.
- (3) ある handlebody-knot に対し, Gordian distance 及び unknotting number を決定した.

## Def

$(X, *)$  : quandle

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff}$

- $x * x = x \ (\forall x \in X)$
- $* x : X \rightarrow X; y \mapsto y * x$  : bijection  $(\forall x \in X)$
- $(x * y) * z = (x * z) * (y * z) \ (\forall x, y, z \in X)$

## Def

$(X, \underline{*}, \bar{*})$  : biquandle

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff}$

- $x \underline{*} x = x \bar{*} x \ (\forall x \in X)$
- $\underline{*} x : X \rightarrow X; y \mapsto y \underline{*} x$  : bijection  $(\forall x \in X)$
- $\bar{*} x : X \rightarrow X; y \mapsto y \bar{*} x$  : bijection  $(\forall x \in X)$
- $S : X \times X \rightarrow X \times X; (x, y) \mapsto (y \bar{*} x, x \underline{*} y)$  : bijection
- $(x \underline{*} y) \underline{*} (z \underline{*} y) = (x \underline{*} z) \underline{*} (y \bar{*} z)$
- $(x \underline{*} y) \bar{*} (z \underline{*} y) = (x \bar{*} z) \underline{*} (y \bar{*} z)$
- $(x \bar{*} y) \bar{*} (z \bar{*} y) = (x \bar{*} z) \bar{*} (y \underline{*} z) \ (\forall x, y, z \in X)$

## Ex

$\mathbb{Z}_m[t^{\pm 1}, s^{\pm 1}]$  : **Alexander biquandle**

$$(x \underline{*} y := tx + (s - t)y, x \bar{*} y := sx)$$

特に,  $p$  : prime,  $s \in \mathbb{Z}_p[t^{\pm 1}]$ ,  $f(t) \in \mathbb{Z}_p[t^{\pm 1}]$  : irr. poly. のとき,  
 $\mathbb{Z}_p[t^{\pm 1}, s^{\pm 1}]/(f(t))$  : Alexander biquandle, (field)

## Def

$(X, \underline{*}, \bar{*})$  : biquandle

●  $x \underline{*}^{[n]} y$  ( $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ ) を次で定義する ( $x \bar{*}^{[n]} y$  についても同様に定義).

$$x \underline{*}^{[0]} y := x$$

$$x \underline{*}^{[1]} y := x \underline{*} y$$

$$x \underline{*}^{[2]} y := (x \underline{*} y) \underline{*} (y \underline{*} y)$$

$$x \underline{*}^{[i+j]} y := (x \underline{*}^{[i]} y) \underline{*}^{[j]} (y \underline{*}^{[i]} y)$$

●  $\text{type}(X) := \min\{n > 0 \mid x \underline{*}^{[n]} y = x = x \bar{*}^{[n]} y (\forall x, y \in X)\}$



## Def

$G$  : group とする. このとき,

$(X, \{\underline{*}^g\}_{g \in G}, \{\overline{*}^g\}_{g \in G})$  :  $G$ -family of biquandles

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff}$

$$(i) \quad x \underline{*}^g x = x \overline{*}^g x \quad (\forall g \in G, \forall x \in X)$$

$$(ii) \quad \underline{*}^g x : X \rightarrow X; y \mapsto y \underline{*}^g x : \text{bijection} \quad (\forall g \in G, \forall x \in X)$$

$$\overline{*}^g x : X \rightarrow X; y \mapsto y \overline{*}^g x : \text{bijection} \quad (\forall g \in G, \forall x \in X)$$

$$S_{g,h} : X \rightarrow X; (x, y) \mapsto (y \overline{*}^g x, x \underline{*}^h y) : \text{bijection} \quad (\forall g, h \in G)$$

$$(iii) \quad (x \underline{*}^g y) \underline{*}^h (z \overline{*}^g y) = (x \underline{*}^h z) \underline{*}^{h^{-1}gh} (y \underline{*}^h z)$$

$$(x \overline{*}^g y) \underline{*}^h (z \overline{*}^g y) = (x \underline{*}^h z) \overline{*}^{h^{-1}gh} (y \underline{*}^h z)$$

$$(x \overline{*}^g y) \overline{*}^h (z \overline{*}^g y) = (x \overline{*}^h z) \overline{*}^{h^{-1}gh} (y \underline{*}^h z)$$

$$(\forall g, h \in G, \forall x, y, z \in X)$$

$$(iv) \quad x \underline{*}^{gh} y = (x \underline{*}^g y) \underline{*}^h (y \underline{*}^g y)$$

$$x \overline{*}^{gh} y = (x \overline{*}^g y) \overline{*}^h (y \overline{*}^g y) \quad (\forall g, h \in G, \forall x, y \in X)$$

## Ex

$(X, \underline{*}, \overline{*})$  : biquandle,  $k := \text{type}(X)$

このとき,

$(X, \{\underline{*}^{[n]}\}_{[n] \in \mathbb{Z}_k}, \{\overline{*}^{[n]}\}_{[n] \in \mathbb{Z}_k})$  :  $\mathbb{Z}_k$ -family of biquandles

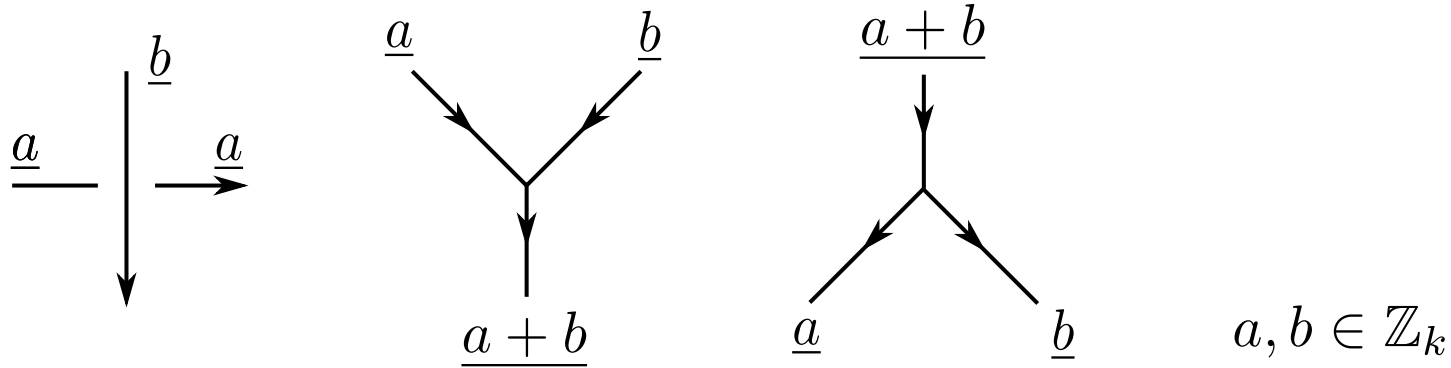
**Def**

$H$  : handlebody-knot

$D$  :  $H$  の (Y-oriented) diagram

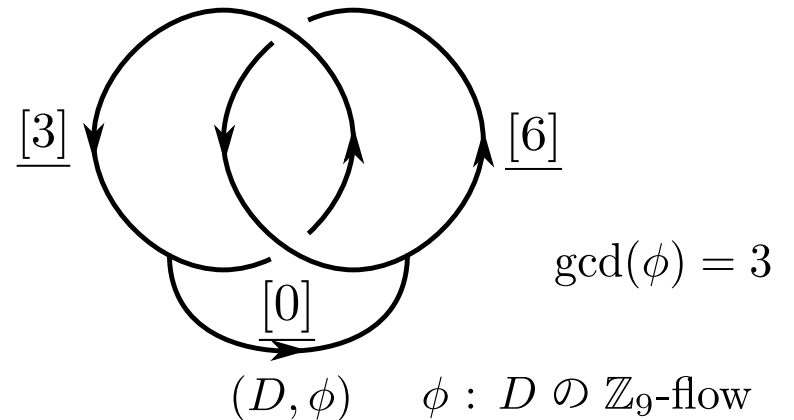
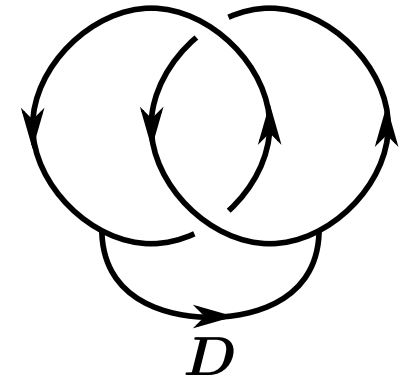
- $\phi : \mathcal{A}(D) = \{D \text{ の arc} \} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_k : D \text{ の } \mathbb{Z}_k\text{-flow}$

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff}$



- $\mathbb{Z}_k$ -flow  $\phi$  の与えられた diagram  $D$  を  $(D, \phi)$  で表す.

- $\phi : D \text{ の } \mathbb{Z}_k\text{-flow}$  に対し,  
 $\text{gcd}(\phi) := \text{gcd}\{\phi(a), k \mid a \in \mathcal{A}(D)\}$



## Def

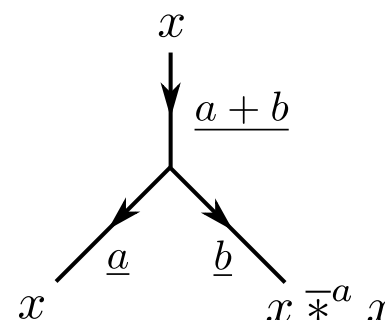
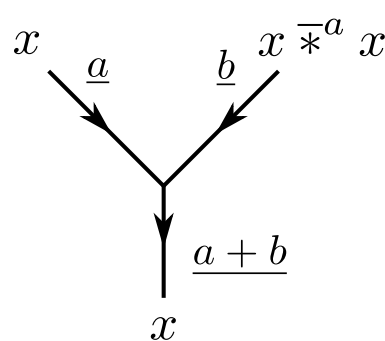
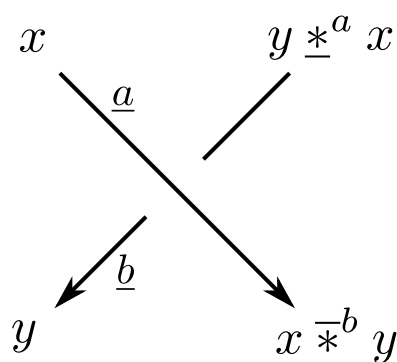
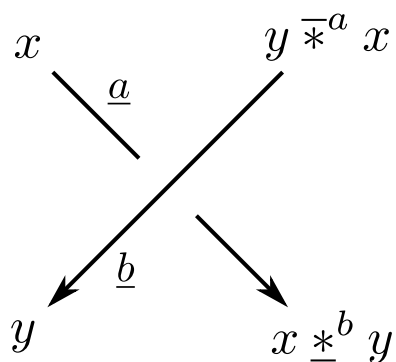
$H$  : handlebody-knot

$(D, \phi)$  :  $H$  の  $\mathbb{Z}_k$ -flowed diagram

$X$  :  $\mathbb{Z}_k$ -family of biquandles

●  $C : \mathcal{SA}(D, \phi) = \{(D, \phi) \text{ の semi-arc}\} \rightarrow X : (D, \phi) \text{ の } X\text{-coloring}$

$\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff}$



$$\begin{aligned} a, b &\in \mathbb{Z}_k \\ x, y &\in X \end{aligned}$$

●  $\text{Col}_X(D, \phi) := \{(D, \phi) \text{ の } X\text{-coloring}\}$

特に,  $X$  : field のとき,  $\text{Col}_X(D, \phi)$  : vector space over  $X$

## Main theorem[M]

$H_1, H_2$  : 種数  $g$  の handlebody-knot

$(D_1, \phi_1)$  :  $H_1$  の  $\mathbb{Z}_k$ -flowed diagram

$D_2$  :  $H_2$  の diagram

$p$  : prime,  $s \in \mathbb{Z}_p[t^{\pm 1}]$ ,  $f(t) \in \mathbb{Z}_p[t^{\pm 1}]$  : irr. poly.

$X = \mathbb{Z}_p[t^{\pm 1}, s^{\pm 1}]/(f(t))$  :  $\mathbb{Z}_k$ -family of Alexander biquandles, (field)

このとき,

$$\bullet \min_{\substack{\phi_2: D_2 \text{ の } \mathbb{Z}_k\text{-flow} \\ \gcd(\phi_1) = \gcd(\phi_2)}} \frac{|\dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) - \dim \text{Col}_X(D_2, \phi_2)|}{2} \leq d(H_1, H_2)$$

$$\min_{\substack{\phi_2: D_2 \text{ の } \mathbb{Z}_k\text{-flow} \\ \gcd(\phi_1) = \gcd(\phi_2)}} |\dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) - \dim \text{Col}_X(D_2, \phi_2)| \leq d(H_1, H_2) \quad (s = 1, t)$$

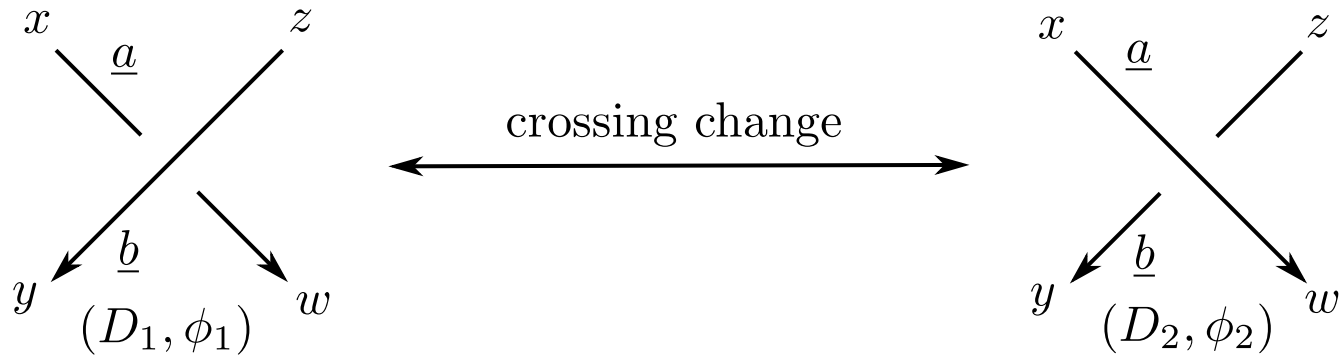
$$\min_{\substack{\phi_2: D_2 \text{ の } \mathbb{Z}_k\text{-flow} \\ \gcd(\phi_1) = \gcd(\phi_2)}} |\dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) - \dim \text{Col}_X(D_2, \phi_2)| \leq \bar{d}(H_1, H_2)$$

$$\bullet \frac{\dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) - 1}{2} \leq u(H_1)$$

$$\dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) - 1 \leq u(H_1) \quad (s = 1, t)$$

$$\dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) - 1 \leq \bar{u}(H_1)$$

**Proof**



$$\text{col. rel.} \begin{cases} \textcircled{1} w = t^b x + (s^b - t^b)y \\ \textcircled{2} z = s^a y \end{cases}$$

$$\text{col. rel.} \begin{cases} \textcircled{1}' w = s^b x \\ \textcircled{2}' z = t^a y + (s^a - t^a)x \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \in X^n \mid \begin{pmatrix} \textcircled{1} \\ \textcircled{2} \\ \textcircled{3} \\ \vdots \\ \textcircled{n} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

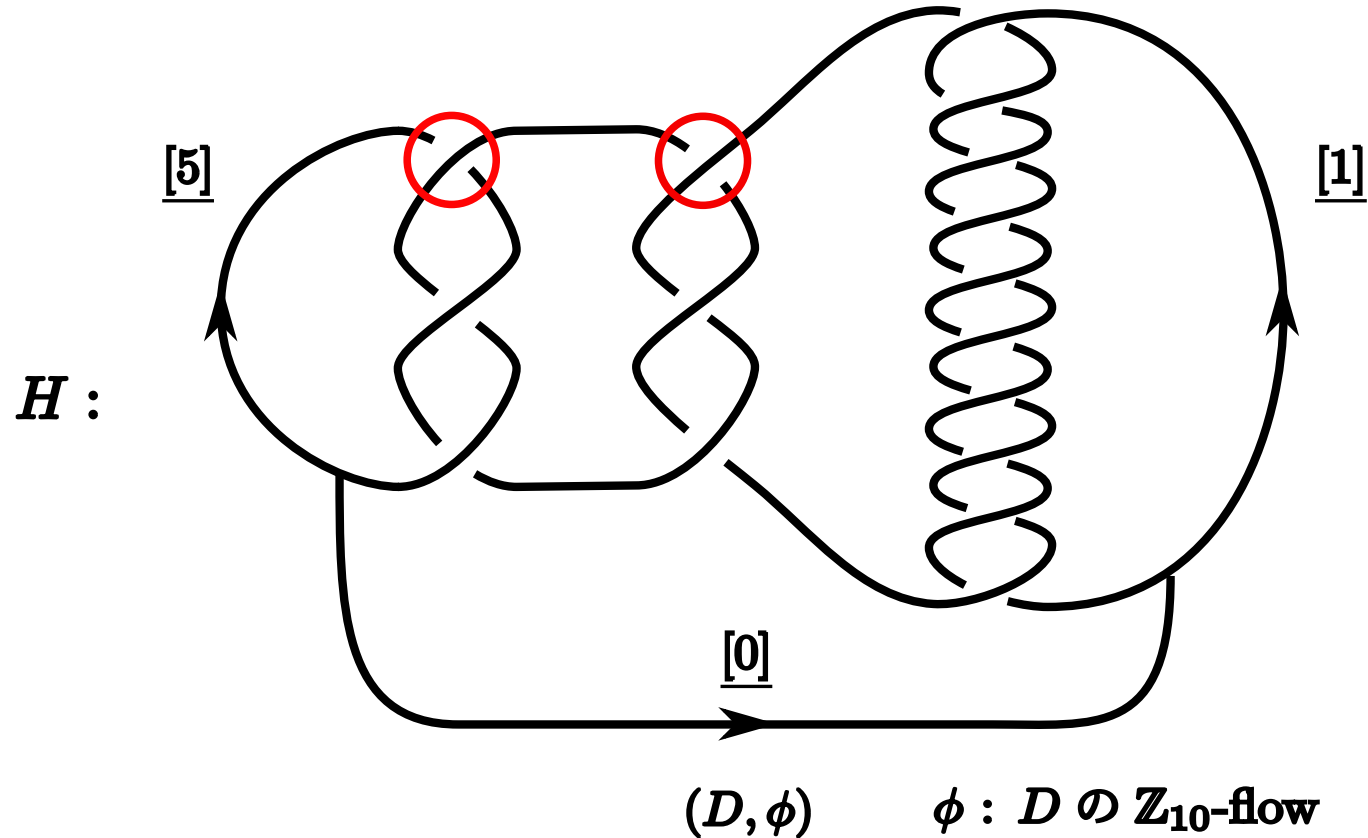
rank の差は高々 2

$$\text{Col}_X(D_2, \phi_2) = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \in X^n \mid \begin{pmatrix} \textcircled{1}' \\ \textcircled{2}' \\ \textcircled{3} \\ \vdots \\ \textcircled{n} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$

**Ex**

$s := 1, f(t) := 1 + 2t + t^2 + 2t^3 + t^4 \in \mathbb{Z}_3[t^{\pm 1}]$  : irr. poly.

$X = \mathbb{Z}_3[t^{\pm 1}, s^{\pm 1}]/(f(t))$  :  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$ -family of Alexander biquandles, (field)



$$\dim \text{Col}_X(D, \phi) = 3$$

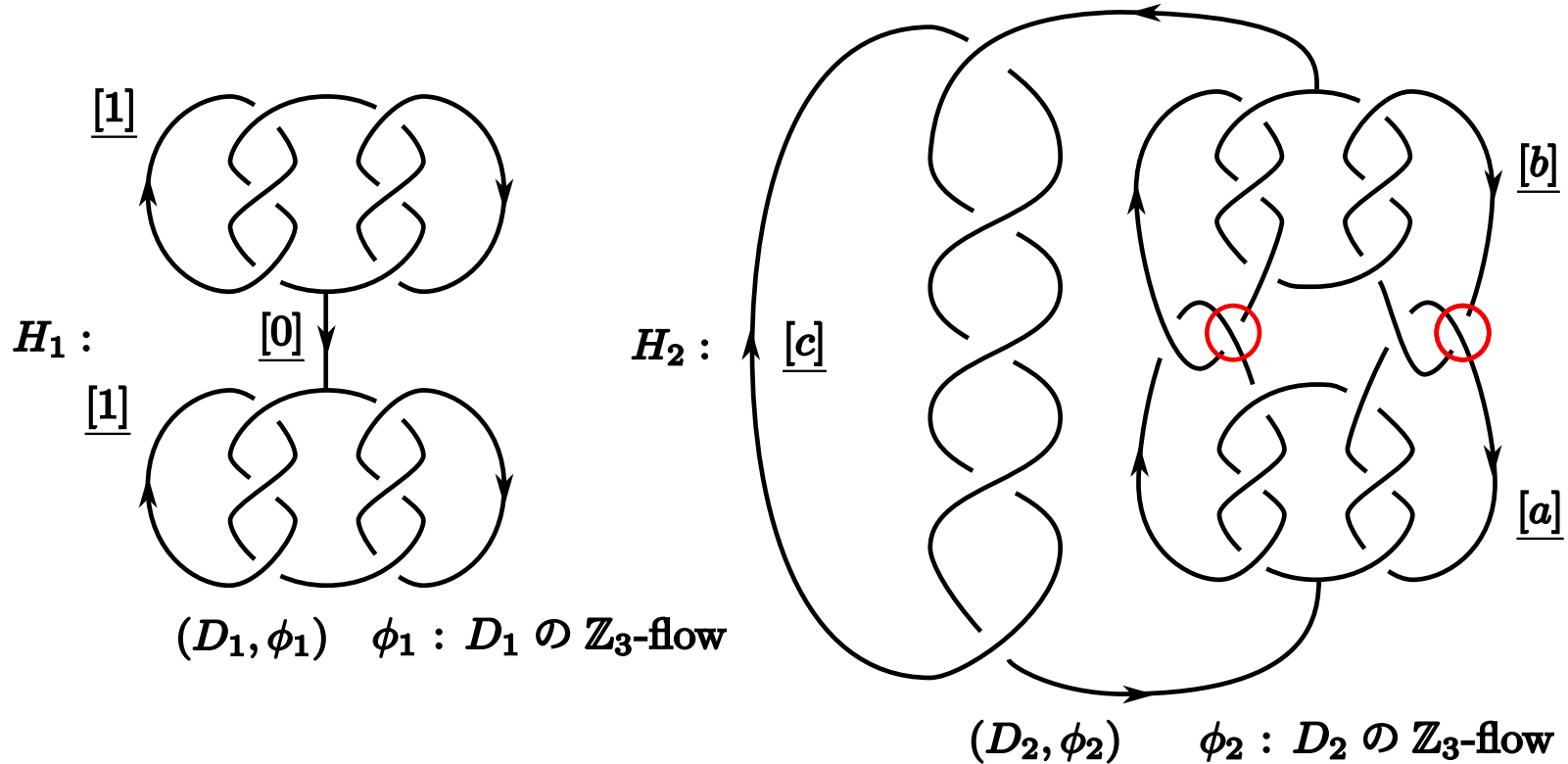
$$\therefore \dim \text{Col}_X(D, \phi) - 1 = 2 \leq u(H) \quad (\because \text{Main theorem})$$

$$\therefore u(H) = 2$$

**Ex**

$s := 1, f(t) := 1 + t + t^2 \in \mathbb{Z}_2[t^{\pm 1}]$  : irr. poly.

$X = \mathbb{Z}_2[t^{\pm 1}, s^{\pm 1}]/(f(t))$  :  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ -family of Alexander biquandles, (field)



$$\dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) = 5$$

一方,  $\forall \phi_2 : D_2 \text{ の } \mathbb{Z}_3\text{-flow}$  に対し,  $\dim \text{Col}_X(D_2, \phi_2) \leq 3$

$$\therefore 2 \leq \dim \text{Col}_X(D_1, \phi_1) - \dim \text{Col}_X(D_2, \phi_2)$$

$$\therefore 2 \leq d(H_1, H_2) \quad (\because \text{Main theorem})$$

$$\therefore d(H_1, H_2) = 2$$